

## ANTI-INFLAMMATORY EFFECT OF LEDUM PALUSTRE

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**Introduction.** Upper respiratory tract accompanied by coughing and inflammation. Drug needed for treatment should be effective, safe, combine the complex pharmacological activities.

**Aim.** To find and explore extract, which has not only antitussive effect, but also anti-inflammatory. Therefore, we decided to investigate the anti-inflammatory effects of conventional *Ledum palustre*: a complex with arginine, purified extract *Ledum palustre* using ethyl acetate and polysaccharide complex *Ledum palustre*.

**Materials and methods.** Study of anti-inflammatory activity of extracts obtained from conventional *Ledum palustre* by edema induced by carragenin in rats.

The method is based on an assessment of the acute exudative inflammation. Acute inflammation (swelling) reproduce the introduction for plantar of 0.1 ml 1% solution of carragenin. The initial volumes of the paw experimental animals were measured by onkometr before the start of experiment. Investigated probe extracts were injected into the stomach 1 hour before administration of carragenin. The volumes of the paw experimental animals were re-measured by onkometr after an hour post entering carragenin. Anti-inflammatory response was assessed every hour for 4 hours after induction of inflammation. We used saline-drug as a control and diclofenac sodium as referent-drug, the "gold standard" of anti-inflammatory therapy.

**Results and discussion.** The study confirmed the anti-inflammatory effect *Ledum palustre*. Polysaccharide complex *Ledum palustre* demonstrated anti-inflammatory activity in a dose of 50 mg / kg. Edema decreased by 84% compared with the control. Other complexes showed lower activity.

**Conclusions.** Study of anti-inflammatory activity of extracts Swamp conventional yielded positive results, allowing to expand the range of normal usage Swamp, potentiation of pharmacological effects. Anti-inflammatory effect will reduce inflammation in the respiratory organs. The combination of anti-inflammatory and antitussive effect provide complex effects on the respiratory tract and provide greater therapeutic efficacy.