MEDICINAL PLANTS IN ENGLISH

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Introduction. Actually, medicinal plants are one of the most popular source of medications used in creating traditional herbal and modern medicines. Pharmacognosy is one of the essential disciplines in professional training for pharmacy students and plays a major role in developing effective preparations from raw materials. According to the curriculum, students of National University of Pharmacy study English in Proficiency. Educational programme of the discipline requires basic knowledge of Medicinal Plants, Pharmacognosy, Pharmaceutical Botany and other medical and pharmaceutical options in English.

Aim. To study the origin, meaning and semantics of the most popular medicinal plants.

Materials and methods. The names of the most popular medicinal plants.

Results and discussion. We made a research of giving English equivalents for the names of the most popular medicinal plants, studied the origin, meaning, and semantics of the plants, made an overview of their curative properties.

Conclusions. Successful learning English in proficiency for pharmacy students may be realized in close, continuous learning process of co-disciplines and depends on profound knowledge of these subjects.

According to the scientific literature, about 1000 species have medicinal applications used in traditional folk medicines and approximately 180 species used in scientific medicine, many of the species used in folk medicine. Making a research of giving English equivalents for the names of the most popular medicinal plants, studying the origin, meaning, and semantics of the plants, we have chosen the following top ten medicinal herbs and made an overview of their curative properties:

Black cohosh (клопогон гроневидний) – post menstrual syndrome related pain, native to eastern North America, is not well-studied or recommended for safe and effective use in treating any disease; Sage (шавлія) – mood swings – from latin Salvia, the name Salvia ("salviya") derives from the latin salvere ("to feel well and healthy, health, heal"), there are three distinct regions of diversity: Central and South America (approx. 500 species); Central Asia and Mediterranean (250 species); Eastern Asia (90 species); Wild Yam (дикий ямс, диоскорея) – liver tonic, some of the English common name of this plant reflect its use in native American and traditional medicines; Schizandra (magnolia vine, лимонник) – from latin Schizandra – stress reduction, Schisandra is native to Asia and North America, with a center of diversity in China; Vitex (прутняк) – infertility – from latin Vitex, Species of Vitex are native throughout the tropics and subtropics, with a few species in temperate Eurasia.

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF RUSSIAN AND ARABIC PROVERBS WITH ANIMAL NAMES

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Introduction. One of the most perspective directions of paremiology is the comparative study of proverbs, which gives an opportunity to study specific national views of a particular people on the basic categories of life, to know about the hierarchy of intellectual and moral values, to investigate the transformation dynamics of social views basic elements. In cultures all over the world paremiological