

ANALYSIS OF APPROACHES OF REGULATORY REGULATION OF NARCOTIC DRUGS IN THE WORLD

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Among the problems of the world society, the problem of drug addiction is quite acute. Proof of this is the statistics of drug addiction in the world, the number of laws passed in the fight against drug addiction; significant funds allocated by states to address this problem.

Narcotic drugs - substances of natural or synthetic origin, drugs, plants included in the List of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors. Psychotropic drugs selectively regulate mental functions, especially emotions, thinking, memory, behavioral motivation, psychomotor activity, and are intended for use in disorders of mental function. One of the most dangerous types of crime is drug trafficking, which tends to increase rapidly.

According to the latest estimates of the United Nations (UN), the illicit trafficking in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances is approximately \$400 mils. USA per year, with 50-70% of it accounted for in cash. In most countries involved in the fight against drugs, only a small part of the products is controlled, is only drugs that are on the list of illicit drugs [1].

In a number of countries that are members of the European Union (EU), State programs have been developed and adopted for a period of time. Purpose of these programs to determine the main areas of work in the fight against drug trafficking. The policy to combat drugs is determined by UN conventions:

- UN Convention on Narcotic Drugs (1961);
- UN Convention on Psychotropic Substances (1971);
- UN Convention for the Suppression of Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (1988).

Single UN Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances. The main purpose of this convention is to promote cooperation between the parties so that they can more effectively address the various problems of illicit trafficking in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances of an international nature.

National legislation is an important aspect of drug abuse. The regulatory framework is the basis for combating the manufacture, distribution and distribution of drugs. In Ukraine, the issue of legal regulation of trafficking in narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors and combating their illicit trafficking is regulated by more than 50 normative legal acts, both at the level of codes, laws and by-laws. The general procedure and requirements for the circulation on the territory of Ukraine of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors are regulated by Art. 2 of the Law of Ukraine "On Narcotic Drugs, Psychotropic Substances and Precursors" [2].

Until 2020, the order approved by the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine №735 of August 28, 2013 "On approval of the Strategy of state drug policy for the period" was in force. This legal acts has adopted a strategy that defines the essence and current directions of state drug policy, which was formed on the basis of an integrated and balanced approach to reducing the supply of drugs in illicit traffic and reducing demand and overcoming drug addiction.

Reference

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